Chicago Daily Tribune

HENRY FOWLER & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET, NEXT DOOR SOUTH OF THE POST OFFICE. TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

VOL. VIII.—OLD SERIES. CHICAGO ILLINOIS, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1853. NEW SERIES.—VOL. II.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

The Daily Tribune:

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE NEXT STEAMER.

The steamer *Atlantic* left Liverpool at ten o'clock on the 5th, and probably arrived in New York yesterday. This morning, or some time during the day, we may expect her news by telegraph. So far as the Breadstuff markets are concerned, we think it will truly indicate their character, for if prices had assumed a speculative character, the increased rate of discount adopted by the Bank of England—as assumed by the Arabia,—would have tone to expire it. We think, too, the Atlantic's news will announce either a cause or effect harmonizing with a point in the money market. The cotton in the address, 81@8, Twenty Orleans prices advance 1/16.

BUSINESS CARDS.

CARDS.

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The Daily Tribune.

This little Requiem of the Flowers, by Mrs. Southey, is most apropos to the season.—

Three few pale autumn flowers!
How beautiful they are!
Than all that went before,
Than all the summer store,
How lovelier far!

And why!—they are the last—
The last!—the last!—the last!—
Oh, but that word,
How many thoughts are stirred!
That sister of the Past!

Pale flowers!—pale, perishing flowers!
Yelve types of precious things:
Types of those bitter moments
That fret like life's enjoyments,
On rapid, rapid wings.

Oh, precious, precious moments!
Pale flowers! ye're types of those—
The saddest! sweetest! dearest!
Because, like these, the nearest
Is an eternal close.

Pale flowers! pale, perishing flowers!
I woo your gentle breath!
I leave the summer rose
For younger, blither lows—
Tell me of change and death!

From the Journal of Commerce.

HOURS AND YEARS.

Fading o'er the dark, by starlight,
I have watched the light of home,
Fading fast, as fast the vesse!
Bore me into night and gloom;
Thinking of a golden season
And of memories fresh with flowers,
Faded all—I murmured sadly,
"Pleasant hours!—once pleasant hours!"

Then my soul springs freely forward,
Faith, uprising, clears my eyes;
Hope, the radiant fairy, points me
On to manhood's highest prize,
From that tender, glorious future
Doubt begone, and vanish fears!
Now I whisper, faithful, hopeful,
"Happy years! thrice happy years!"

LONG ISLAND SOUND.

THE CASE OF THE HON. MR. NORTON.

Our readers will recollect the notice recently published from English papers concerning the reopening of the case of Mr. Bailey versus Mr. Norton (whose literary reputation is well known to the American people,) and her husband. This fact, together with the high social position of the parties has given the difficulty a more than common importance. It appears that the *Honorable* Mr. Norton, in his recent attempt to blacken his wife's character in order to evade the payment of money due her, brought into one of his letters, unfortunately for him, the name of John Bailey, his counsel in the original case, in connection with Mr. Bailey's charge of opinion—he now sides with the lady. Mr. Bailey has published a letter in the London Times, in which the Hon. Charles Norton is skinned alive. Mr. Bailey's first opinion was founded, he says, upon Mr. Norton's *exparte* statements, in the firm belief that every *esser*tion he made was true. But subsequently, from an understanding of the facts, his opinion was changed. Mr. Norton requested Mr. Bailey to act as arbiter between him and his wife. He accepted the appointment with the belief that Mrs. Norton would reject him because of his position as counsel for her persecutor, but she at once acceded to the proposition. Mr. Bailey then learnt for the first time her side of the question. He says:—

"I found by documentary proofs in her possession, that I had been advising Mr. Norton, not on his real case, but on a series of invented fables which he had strung together and consulted me upon. Nearly every statement he has made to me turned out to be untrue. I found Mrs. Norton anxious only on one point, and nearly broken hearted about it; namely the restoration of her children. She treated her pecuniary affairs as a matter of perfect indifference, and left me to arrange them with Mr. Norton as I thought fit. I found her husband, on the contrary, anxious only about the pecuniary part of the arrangement, and so obviously making the love of the mother for her offspring a means of driving a hard bargain, that I wrote to him I could be 'no party to any arrangement which made money the prize of Mrs. Norton's fair and honorable access to her children.' I found his history of her expenses and extravagances to be untrue; and that even while he made that complaint, he had detained all her wearing apparel, and had sold or pawned every article of her personal property, under threat of selling them."

He found, besides, that Mrs. Norton had offered to pay the whole bill, but that Mr. Norton's solicitor had replied that even if she did, there was no undertaking that her property should be returned. He found, under Mr. Norton's own handwriting, confessions of the grossest personal violence towards his wife, and that on one occasion he had kicked the drawing room door from its hinges, and dragged her out of the room by force, she being then in a condition requiring the greatest care and tenderness. He found the real cause of the trouble between the parties to be the taking the children away from their mother; that the greatest offence she had committed against her husband, by his own confession, was in saying she would never live with him; that the original trial incitating his wife (his own confession likewise,) was brought "against his judgment," and that he had a full "belief in his wife's innocence of the charge he had brought against her and Lord Melbourne," which belief Mr. Bailey likewise found expressed in a series of letters addressed by Norton to his wife, under the signature of "Gressere." Upon this evidence Mr. Bailey changed his mind, and expressed his belief that Mr. Norton had done his wife the most cruel injury that man could inflict, and adjured him to make every reparation in his power, which he refused to do, notwithstanding he bound himself by writing, conjointly with his wife, to abide by Mr. Bailey's arbitration.

Mr. Bailey concludes his letter to the Times by saying that he considers there never was a more deeply injured woman than Mrs. Norton, and that her husband's conduct to her has been marked by the grossest cruelty, injustice and inconsistency that ever any man displayed.

We are gratified to see this letter. It goes far to remove the stigma which has too long rested upon the fair fame of a woman whose writings place her among the immortals, in comparing with whom her husband appears a coarse and unmitigated boor. Throughout the recent trial and the previous one, wherein she was legally exonerated, and throughout the recent public correspondence, the most miserable selfishness and meanness has been apparent in the conduct of the *Honorable* Mr. Norton. The most contemptible spite has appeared to be the prevailing characteristic of his mind, and Mr. Bailey's manly letter may set him right, as well as the public.

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NEW YORK.
PHILADELPHIA.

The Daily Tribune.

CITY OF CHICAGO:

MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1853.

RED RIVER RAFT.

This raft was a great institution. Our first recollection of it was at far back as 1824, when Capt. Shreve got between one and two hundred thousand dollars of Uncle Sam's money, for removing rocky logs and killing numerous alligators, probably the abundant fuel. Beaufort Dallas and other books represent to be a little bit of the Mississippi, of which were to "make mention" to double their value, and make a good quarter a subsidy of the first water. We do not know how many fortunes have been made since Capt. Shreve's day, but they have been legion, for the raft has never been removed, though appropriations have been made nearly every year by Congress to effect that object. Though money has always been expended upon it, to clear out the Little Fish, remove the Raggle from the Mississippi and the bare from Illinois rivers, and build good harbors at all the principal points on Lake Michigan, Erie, and Ontario. But still the raft is "there," as the Kentucky saying. It is said that an miles of it have been really removed, so that we may suppose the existence of the thing, which people were beginning to question, is no matter. Yes, no doubt, "but it is lonely" indeed. Tell how much more it there left of that famous raft! There's the rub. Really, we begin to look upon the "Red River Raft" as no evanescent thing, but a genuine Southern institution, of the "Crime" order—a fixture, without which the Government could not well manage that portion of the Union. Another appropriation, we fear, is to be asked for at the next session of Congress. Will it be voted? Certainly—but body may let our lake harbors fill up with sand; but ye shall the Red River Raft—never!

ANOTHER JAPAN EXPEDITION.

We have already noticed at length, the expedition now fitting out for Japan, and its probable objects and consequences. Old mother England is now waking up in reference to the matter, and is preparing an expedition to be commanded of Her Majesty's steam vessels Encounter, 14 guns; Leopard, 19 do; Sisembell, 6 do; and Bloom Cutter, 4 do. This is just what might be expected. The Yankees, the Russians and the English are the three most wide awake nations on the world; the Yankees leading, and the others in regular order. They also represent three principles of government—Republican Democracy, Absolute Monarchy, and Old Style.

BUFFALO DISTILLERY AT FREEPORT.

The Freeport Daily Bulletin notices the speech of Mr. Douglas in that place on Thursday evening, as follows:

Mr. Douglas visited Freeport Since visited the place, and spoke in the afternoon and evening to a crowded house. He is an easy, well-bred, gentlemanly man, yet he possesses great vigor of mind. His speech was good. He contended that they would be, with one exception, and that was, he advocated, and very ably, the extending the killing of slave hunters, also in the present act of slavery, in direct defiance and open violation of the laws of the land. He then repeated and enlarged on the story "Why did you believe would we kill him?" that this sentiment would be incorporated into his address, as the circumstance of his having been shot at and had been what it was in the depositions of his liberty, would render his speech if literally translatable. We supposed he cannot well be to denounce the citizens, and yet he was speaking of the people in the town that, law changed, and further advocate the enforcement of the conditions of his case. He also said he proposed to keep his distinguished Democratic institutions and American people, as though he were talking to foreigners.

There was more "truth than poetry" in what he said in relation to ministers and the church, and we long to see an improvement in them, for it is a sad, sad, sad, and Bad fact that are none what they should be. He says a great many wild things, and motives well to provoke a roar of laughter whenever he chooses.

It is said that the editor of the Bulletin, though a crusty democrat, is not affected with "anti-phobia."

THE GARRISON'S FIRE PLACE.—The Women's Rights Convention at Cleveland did not close without a fracas; but it is due to the ladies to say, it was not, principally, to say that they were not the guilty parties. According to the Herald, it appears that in a School, in which Rev. Mr. Nevin officiated, and in which, as ever, he was a professor, Mr. Wm. Lloyd Garrison called him "a Dr. Fowler, and scoundrel." As the audience passed out of the Hall, Mr. Nevin's brother, a large person, was and inquired whether these words were uttered in the heat of debate, or merely. Retraction was refused, and the brother assisted, Mr. Garrison's nose, as he hurled himself on the walls of the Melodeon. Recovering his senses, Mr. Garrison said, "Do you treat your opponents so?" "No," was the answer, "I treat my opponents so, but not Lloyd Wm. Lloyd Garrison!"

GOLD IN GREAT BRITAIN.—At a recent meeting of the British Association for the advancement of science, Mr. J. Calver read a paper on the production of gold in the British Islands, showing that considerable quantities from remote times in various works, and from communications made to him, he believed gold was to be found in no smaller in these islands, and over an area of upwards of 1,000 miles. The produce of gold in the United Kingdom was £1,000 a year, and he expressed an opinion that the supply might be largely increased. The larger known reports were of a Mr. Gwynne, Sir Roderick and others of 1 1-2 lbs. from Cluny and Wicklow, Mr. Calver also stated that he considered the diamond fields of Canada would soon be discovered to be of no value.

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EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF COLONIZATION.

Our colored citizens generally appear to have avenged themselves against Liberia Colonization, and decry it as a scheme of a character not intended for the benefit of the black man. This, too, in the face of the testimony of the colonists themselves. President Roberts, a colored man, whose fidelity to the interests of his race cannot be questioned, and whose opportunities of judging of the adaptation of Africa to its physical nature of his people, are better than any other person's, has written a letter to an English gentleman on the subject, from which we extract a paragraph, and commend it to the careful perusal of our black citizens:

"The effort you refer to, which is being made for colonizing families with Americans colored persons, cannot succeed. I believe it to be the design of Heaven that a nation of colored persons shall be raised up in Africa, and it strikes me as being the only place where the colored man can raise himself to his legitimate position in society. He can never feel that identity of nationality in the West Indies that inspires a Liberian citizen; and, depend upon it, the intelligent colored people of the United States understand this, and when they shall have made up their minds to seek a new home, and rid themselves of oppression, Liberia will be the asylum. Your reply to the gentleman who consulted you on this subject is quite in accordance with my views. Why, oh, there is no country in the world—I say it fearlessly—that offers to the colored man greater inducements and advantages, social, political, and pecuniary, than Liberia. And I am clearly of opinion that the only feasible hope of the African race with respect to obtaining and maintaining an equality with other races of men is a separate and distinct nationality. Would that the friends of my unfortunate brethren in England viewed the subject in this light! If so, they would all more heartily lay building up Liberia."

VISITORS AT NIAGARA.—During the present season, 27,000 persons have crossed the bridge leading to Goat Island, and paid their tribute of 25 cents each. The number is about 10,000 larger than last year.

☞ The Boston Courier thinks that Macaulay, in the History of England, at the present rate, will not reach George III. before 1873. In what future age he will reach Queen Victoria, it is impossible to predict.

☞ Ashland, the estate of Henry Clay, once belonged to Daniel Boone, who sold it to Col. Daniel Dooin, who sold it to Mr. Nathaniel Hart, an ancestor of Mrs. Clay.

☞ Information has been received at the State Department, from the United States Consul at Aleppo, Chapelle, that in accordance with an understanding between the United States and Venezuela, the collection of import duty on corn, rice, flour and other products of the mill; vinegar or shelled grains, hulled barley, grits and groats, pounded or hulled millet, was suspended on the 15th of September, and will continue to be off the end of the year 1853.

PUBLIC LAND REVENUE.—During the five months ending Sept. 30, 240,880 acres of land were entered at the Dupage Land Office.

The following were the receipts of cash from the various offices on deposit at the above Land Office during the same time. They show a great disproportion in favor of the Dupage District over others and of Iowa over Wisconsin—

Iowa City,	$92,475 00
Kanesville, Iowa,	73,127 00
Fort Des Moines, Iowa,	46,620 50
Chariton, Iowa,	41,658 00
Fairdale, Iowa,	31,000 00
Stevens' point, Wis,	20,000 00
La Crosse, Wis,	6,920 00
Willow River, Wis,	14,860 00
Stillwater, Min. Ter.	13,763 00
	$378,974 00

THE N. Y. EVENING POST AND THE BALTIMORE PLATFORM.—The *Post*, which is recognized as the leading organ of the *Softs* of New York, thus "gives" upon the Baltimore Platform:

The rule laid down by Mr. Guthrie—that of submission on the Baltimore platform—is perfectly liberal of itself. The Baltimore platform, our readers will remember, was not adopted by the convention which known Pierce in such a manner as to give it any weight. It was not considered, it was not debated, it was not put to vote in such a way as to afford any indication of the opinions of the majority of the members—it was brought forward at the very moment of adjournment, when many of the members were gone, and others were going out at the door; it was not heard by half the people at the door, and not voted for by half the rest. That any grown man, and in particular that Mr. Guthrie, who is a grown man, not only in person but in intellect, should being forward the bugbear of the Baltimore platform every day in the year, like a Chinese brass gong hung upon a wooden idol, is a folly for which we think hardly excusable.

GRASSHOPPERS.—Large quantities of this fruit grew in Minnesota, and it is said the crop this season is more abundant than usual.

The surplus over the demand along down the Mississippi, finds a ready market at St. Louis.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE WAR VESSELS AT CONSTANTINOPLE.—The following is the substance of a telegraphic despatch received at Liverpool just previous to the sailing of the Arabia:

"Three French and three English men-of-war had passed the Dardanelles and proceeded to Constantinople, for the purpose, it was said, of protecting the Europeans in that city from the fury of the Turkish populace."

EXPORTS EXCESS.—The Cleveland *True Democrat* gives the following list of inscriptions on the carriages belonging to the several parties on election day. No sober man can read it, we think, without exclaiming that political politicians must think the people are great fools not to be disgusted with such sheer humbug as the following:

"Anti-Nebias Law."
"Old Line Democracy."
"Free Trade and Sailor's Rights."
"No Pasion."
"Regular Nominations."
"Maine Law and Equal Rights."
"Kossta and Cuba."
"Young America."
"Anti-Clique and Equal Rights."
"Cuba, Kossta, and Constantinople."

RAILROAD AND AN EXTRA SESSION.—At a large Railroad mass meeting, held at Sparta, Illinois, on the 6th, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, We, citizens of Randolph and adjoining counties, feel a deep interest in the welfare and prosperity of the State, and believe that a further promotion of that welfare and prosperity calls for the holding of an Extra Session of the General Assembly, in order that some further legislation may be had to enable the commencement and completion of works of internal improvement already commenced, as well as to secure the construction of those for which charters have been heretofore granted and conditions, in part, complied with on the part of the General Assembly, therefore,

Resolved, That we cheerfully second the call now made on the Governor of Illinois by the State to convene the General Assembly by proclamation; and that we respectfully request him to comply with the wishes so generally and so emphatically entertained throughout the whole State.

CUBA.—A letter from the Boston Recorder, from Rev. Dr. Bridgman, an American minister, dated Shanghai, July 9th, says:

We have letters from Lindin, to July 2d, on which morning the Japanese squadron moved from the harbor of Napa, steering for the Bay of Yeddo.

Our "rebel brothers" at Nankin prove themselves to be Christian indeed, there will, it is said, be no war, on the part of the rebels, with us, such as was never before made on the cause of Christianity. But where will the laborers be found? *Where?*

THE MEXICAN CAST.—Dabor W. Brown, a well known citizen of Springfield, killed Mr. Gilbert, on Saturday morning, in the Springfield Coffee House. Mr. Brown was arrested and lodged in jail to answer to-day before Justices Kaye and Jordan. Mr. Elliot Herndon will appear as attorney for the people, and Logan and Stuart for the accused.—*Springfield Radical.*

A great many people are killed in coffee houses, but it is by a slow kind of suicide that does not appear to concern the public.

THE T. WHITNEY.—Mr. Whitney, of Baltimore, has built a fine boat, running two engines, for the Saco route, called the T. Whitney. She is now lying at the dock in this city, and is a model for speed and excellence, in view of the trade upon which she is to be employed. We understand that Mr. Wilson, in this Metropolis, before the opening of the Saco season, she will ply regularly between this port and Baltimore.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

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SPAIN AND THE SULTAN.

The *National Intelligencer* is of the opinion that the possibility of the Turkish Sultan's regarding with any degree of favor, the overtures which Austria is said to have made for a return to the East, it thinks the Russian would be very unwise to commit an act, the tendency of which would be to displease Austria, and detach her from the allied powers, which are striving to settle his difficulties with the Czar. This is a very good specimen of the sober pleasantries by which the *Intelligencer* occasionally relieves its more portentous dissertations. The friendly offices of Austria, in the interest and under the dictation of the Czar as they have been from the beginning, cannot be forgotten by the Sultan, who has lately had his eyes opened to a very clear perception of the Russian character. The Emperor of Austria has had a personal conference with the Czar, and is said to have intimated to the Sultan already that he can no longer act with the Western powers, but must openly oppose the Russian cause. This unexpected intimation, if it be true, has not been doubtful from the very commencement;—and his attempts to play the part of a disinterested mediator, have left no barefaced to some mind reader, in any quarter.

If there is to be war between Russia and Turkey, Austria will inevitably enlist on behalf of the latter power, and the Sultan will have on his side Western Europe. England and France neither of them care one straw for the integrity of the Ottoman Empire or for the rights of the Sultan, except as facts in regard to their own interests are connected with them. Their action hitherto has given conclusive evidence of this fact. England opposed, as we published her own interests far more than those of Turkey in the line which has taken in the quarrel; and no room remains for doubt that she will sacrifice the Sultan without and other hand, the necessities of which, in the present instance, have devoted heavy losses upon the owners—the customers of Mr. Draper—even if time had been allowed in force them in the market before this day's unfavorable occurrence.

THE PATENT OFFICE REPORT OF 1852.

These elaborate reports from the Patent Office are gratifying indices of the general inventive industry of the country. Commissioner Ellsworth presents in full of valuable interesting information. There were 2,450 applications received for patents during the year, and 1,020 patents issued. An application is rarely disposed of, without being examined at least once, and sometimes six times. Probably three 1,020 patents have cost 7,000 examinations. This is the largest number ever granted in one year, except during the first year of Gen. Taylor's Administration, when Commissioner Ewbank issued 1,036 patents. So far as we have yet seen, the report is full of valuable information, and contains a large number of suggestions for improvements in the Patent Office buildings, and there is still a wide field open.

Prof Hayward, Examiner's Report explains the principle of the celebrated Hayward lock. Its "unpickability" depends upon a secondary or false set of tumblers, which prevent the insertion of the true set of tumblers, which the lock was made to open. Moreover, the lock is proof, and may be locked through the keyhole and fired off until the burglar blows off his instruments or leaves the lock in a state of "unopenable." This will bring to view his experiments more witness than by drawn.

Doors and shutters have also been patented that cannot be broken through with either pick or sledge hammer. The burglars "occupation" is gone.

The Caloric Ship is described and commended at some length, but the Report admits that its end is not yet fully attained.

A Harpoon is described which makes the whale kill himself. The wounds pull the iron or pron the Harpoon.

In Ice making machine has been patented, which goes on a cheap principle to go upon metal tubes in four several bottles of sherry and produced blocks of ice the size of a cable foot, when the thermometer was standing at 80°. It is calculated that for every 100 lbs of ice put into the furnace it will make a ton of ice.

From Dr. Gale's Examiner's Report we gather some idea of the extent of the Patent Office.

A man who had made a slight improvement in Straw Cutters took a model of his machine through the Western States, and after a tour of eight months, returned with $40,000. Another had a machine to thresh and clean grain, which he offered to sell for $50,000. A third obtained a patent for a machine for sawing, $60,000 for it and finally sold it for $60,000. There are ordinary cases, which such inventions have paid. Daguerre, the Printing Machine, and the India Rubber Patents are worth millions each.

Twenty-seven Harvesters, fifteen ploughs, twenty six seed planters, eight threshing machines, and one hundred and twenty three rakes have been patented during the year, in addition to those 1852-3, etc.

Twenty-seven saws, seven shingle spitters, and twenty new planing machines have been patented within the year.

Seven new machines that spin, twenty that weave, and seven new sewing machines have been patented within the year.

Examiner Lane's report describes various new electrical inventions. Among these is an electro whaling apparatus, by which the whale is literally "peppered to death." Another is an Electro Magnetic Alarm, which rings bells, and displays signals in case of fire, or burglars.—Another is a Telegraph Clock, which wakes you up to tell you what time it is, and lights a lamp for you, at any hour you please.

Another is a Sound gatherer; a part of hogs ear trumpet, to be placed in front of a locomotive, bringing to the Engineer's ear all the noises ahead, perfectly distinct, notwithstanding the noise of the locomotive.

There is an invention that picks up nine from a number and keeps them in sight, when turned up and spins them in papers, in regular rows. Another goes through the whole process of cigar making, taking in tobacco leaves and turning out the perfect article.

One machine, if not jabber, another secures knives and forks, another blacks boots, another rocks the cradle, and seven or eight take in washing and ironing.

There is a parlor chair patented that cannot be tipped back on its legs, and a railway chair that can be tipped back into any position, without any legs at all.

Another patent is for a machine that counts the passengers in an omnibus and takes their fares. When a very fat man gets in, it counts two, and charges double.

There are a variety of gun patents that shoot themselves; a fire fire that adjusts its own lock and fires itself when the time arrives; a gun that shoots two barrels at a time, and then bails itself and stands in the corner for another.

The models of the Patent Office are stronger than fiction.

There is a machine also by which a man plays himself of a ship, his changing it to be played on like a piano. And speaking of pianos, it is estimated that nine thousand are made every year in the United States, giving constant employment to nearly two thousand hands, and costing two millions of dollars!

On close of the Report, we are glad to see, most with interest of "reputation." Whatever may be said of others, the Examiners of the Patent Office are not likely to exaggerate, either from ignorance or design. This is their official judgment respecting "burning fluids"—

There is yet much to be accomplished in perfecting artificial light, and it is to be regretted that Government should be so generally satisfied with attempts on that part, to make the use of dangerous materials popular, rather than carry themselves with the stand after something that could be used to supply the want, without endangering the safety of all who participate in the consumption.—*NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.*

The danger to everyone the use of highly combustible fluids is so dangerous that they can be when used as lamps in the ordinary construction, has given rise to a few improvements, for which patents have been granted. There are however, another has been presented which can render fluids dangerous entirely safe, while the improvement for which charters have been heretofore asked and conditions, in part, complied with on the part of the General Assembly, therefore,

Resolved, That we cheerfully second the call now made on the Governor of Illinois by the State to convene the General Assembly by proclamation; and that we respectfully request him to comply with the wishes so generally and so emphatically entertained throughout the whole State.

CUBA.—A letter from the Boston Recorder, from Rev. Dr. Bridgman, an American minister, dated Shanghai, July 9th, says:

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A great many people are killed in coffee houses, but it is by a slow kind of suicide that does not appear to concern the public.

THE T. WHITNEY.—Mr. Whitney, of Baltimore, has built a fine boat, running two engines, for the Saco route, called the T. Whitney. She is now lying at the dock in this city, and is a model for speed and excellence, in view of the trade upon which she is to be employed. We understand that Mr. Wilson, in this Metropolis, before the opening of the Saco season, she will ply regularly between this port and Baltimore.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

THE GARRISON'S FIRE PLACE.—The Women's Rights Convention at Cleveland did not close without a fracas; but it is due to the ladies to say, it was not, principally, to say that they were not the guilty parties. According to the Herald, it appears that in a School, in which Rev. Mr. Nevin officiated, and in which, as ever, he was a professor, Mr. Wm. Lloyd Garrison called him "a Dr. Fowler, and scoundrel." As the audience passed out of the Hall, Mr. Nevin's brother, a large person, was and inquired whether these words were uttered in the heat of debate, or merely. Retraction was refused, and the brother assisted, Mr. Garrison's nose, as he hurled himself on the walls of the Melodeon. Recovering his senses, Mr. Garrison said, "Do you treat your opponents so?" "No," was the answer, "I treat my opponents so, but not Lloyd Wm. Lloyd Garrison!"

GOLD IN GREAT BRITAIN.—At a recent meeting of the British Association for the advancement of science, Mr. J. Calver read a paper on the production of gold in the British Islands, showing that considerable quantities from remote times in various works, and from communications made to him, he believed gold was to be found in no smaller in these islands, and over an area of upwards of 1,000 miles. The produce of gold in the United Kingdom was £1,000 a year, and he expressed an opinion that the supply might be largely increased. The larger known reports were of a Mr. Gwynne, Sir Roderick and others of 1 1-2 lbs. from Cluny and Wicklow, Mr. Calver also stated that he considered the diamond fields of Canada would soon be discovered to be of no value.

BRITISH AMERICAN DEBATES.—The well known and popular lecturer has passed into the hands of Messrs. B. A. & J. L. Ramsay. The lecturer has long been known to travelers as one of the best hotels in the West, and it has enjoyed a liberal amount of patronage. It is situated on Jefferson Avenue, one of the leading thoroughfares of that city, and within two minutes walk of the Post Office. The gentlemen who are now connected in its management, have had the experience of Mr. Wilson in this Metropolis, and the travelling public will make their Hotel one of the best in Detroit.

EXPORTS EXCESS.—The Cleveland *True Democrat* gives the following list of inscriptions on the carriages belonging to the several parties on election day. No sober man can read it, we think, without exclaiming that political politicians must think the people are great fools not to be disgusted with such sheer humbug as the following:

"Anti-Nebias Law."
"Old Line Democracy."
"Free Trade and Sailor's Rights."
"No Pasion."
"Regular Nominations."
"Maine Law and Equal Rights."
"Kossta and Cuba."
"Young America."
"Anti-Clique and Equal Rights."
"Cuba, Kossta, and Constantinople."

RAILROAD AND AN EXTRA SESSION.—At a large Railroad mass meeting, held at Sparta, Illinois, on the 6th, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, We, citizens of Randolph and adjoining counties, feel a deep interest in the welfare and prosperity of the State, and believe that a further promotion of that welfare and prosperity calls for the holding of an Extra Session of the General Assembly, in order that some further legislation may be had to enable the commencement and completion of works of internal improvement already commenced, as well as to secure the construction of those for which charters have been heretofore granted and conditions, in part, complied with on the part of the General Assembly, therefore,

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LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Chicago, Cook Co. Ill. on the 15th October, 1853.

Whether the name is spelled daily, or weekly, or monthly, it is the duty of the advertising clerk to make a Daily paper which has the greatest circulation in the Post Office Department.

LADIES LIST

Adams Miss Hiram A	Allen Mrs G A	Cobb I D
Adams Miss Hiram A	Adams Miss Cath	Cochrane Jane
Adams Miss Hiram A	Adams Miss Cath	Cornwell Ann
Adams Mrs Thomas	Adams Mrs Mary	Cornwell Ann
Adams Mrs Martha J	Adams Mrs Mary	Cornwell Ann
	Adams Mrs Mary	Cornwell Ann
	Adams Mrs Mary	Cornwell Ann

The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE NEXT STEAMER.

The steamer *Atlantic* left Liverpool at ten o'clock on the 5th, and probably arrived in New York yesterday. This morning, or some time during the day, we may expect her news by telegraph. So far as the Breadstuff markets are concerned, we think it will truly indicate their character, for if prices had assumed a speculative character, the increased rates of discount adopted by the Bank of England—as assumed by the circular,—would have time to express it. We think, too, the Atlantic's news will announce either peace or war between Russia and Turkey.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—Mrs. BLOOMER, the great advocate of Woman's Rights and Bloomer Dress, has arrived in this city, and will lecture this evening at Warner's Hall. Last week, at Detroit, she was favored with large audiences every evening.

CHICAGO ON CANVAS!

A representation of our city has been finally completed by Mess. ANDREW, and the Beach hundred him by a number of our influential citizens on the completion of the work, will be received at Tremont Hall this evening. We have seen a portion of the painting, and the truthfulness of the sketch will be apparent to every one. In a few days, the artist will leave for Buffalo, Rochester and New York, exhibiting a short time in each city, when he will proceed direct to the Southern cities "showing up" Chicago in Cincinnati, St. Louis, Memphis, New Orleans, and other cities on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. The great benefit of this painting to our young city can hardly be realized. The fame Chicago has acquired abroad will be doubly increased by the exhibition of this daguerreotype view of its size, its public buildings, its commerce, and the representation of our magnificent Lake. Previous to his departure, Mr. Andrien will be supplied with figures and facts concerning the great increase of population and value of real estate in Chicago during the past ten years, which will draw a vast deal of attention to our Western city, when related in the South, and on the sea board.

Citizens, go the Tremont Hall to-night, and see your own residence, and "corner lots" pictured on canvas.

In addition to the view of Chicago, the magnificent representations of St. Louis, Southern Lake, New Orleans, and the Crystal Palace of London, will be exhibited—the whole forming one of the best entertainments ever given in this city.

SALE OF LIQUOR ON THE SABBATH.

There is a stringent ordinance adopted by the Council of this city, against keeping the liquor bars open on the Sabbath, but it appears to be almost universally repudiated, so far as the North Division is concerned. Yesterday, as usual, especially in the afternoon, the low dogseries on North Clark street had their doors open, and crowds of profane and boozled wretches were pouring in and out of them in such numbers as to compel persons to or returning from church to go around by Wells street, or the Lake House Ferry, in order to avoid hearing their profanity, and obscene language. Some time ago, an attempt was made to prevent such shameful desecration of the Sabbath, and then the day was peaceful and quiet as it should be. But it did not continue long, and now the evil is worse than ever.

We observe that Mayor BOOLEY of Pittsburgh has given all liquor dealers notice, that the first violation of the ordinance against opening their bars on the Sabbath, will bring upon them the heaviest fines, and it has been made the especial duty of the police to watch them and arrest every offender.

Why cannot Mayor GRAY of this city do likewise? He professes to be a christian, and unfortunate the importance of making the Sabbath a day of peace and quiet. He is a husband and father, and would not like to take his wife and children, on their way to the house of worship, through crowds of beastly creatures in human form, from whose mouths generally anything unseatest but tobacco juice, obscene words and blasphemy.

We call upon him to see that the ordinance is executed, or if there is no legal power to execute it, let the public know it, at once, so that the evil can be abated in another way.

RAILED OUT.

Our citizens will remember that about three weeks since, two notorious counterfeiters, Napoleon Bonaparte Letts and Stephen Miller, were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Pinkerton, having in their possession a large amount of counterfeit bills on the Unadilla Bank, and known to have been instrumental in circulating a considerable quantity of the same in this city. These men were examined before Judge BEECKER, and committed to Jail to have their trial at the next term of the Recorder's Court, in default of $1000 bail each. Great fears were felt by the citizens, at the unanimous in their disapprobation of so small a sum being asked for bail, and expressed a hope that in future such characters would have their bail fixed at the highest point the law allows.—We are glad to announce that in several recent instances, arrested parties have had their bail fixed so that there would be less liability of their being rescued from justice.

On Saturday last, one of the above named counterfeiters, Stephen Miller, was let loose on the community—two of our citizens, *John H. Kedzie* and *Reuben Cleveland*, having pledged themselves as bail. We learn that efforts are being made to have Letts bailed out, before the sitting of the Court—in which case, one of the most precious scamps that ever were shoe leather will be adrift, ready to impose on the community, by counterfeiting, or any other business to which he may devote himself.

As an illustration of this system of bailing out rogues, our citizens will remember the notorious burglar Green, who was arrested some two years since for breaking open trunks at the Sherman House, and was released from justice by being bailed, whereby some of our citizens obtained two thousand dollars as their reward in saving him from the entry of a Court and Jury.

We are determined to follow out this subject of bailing rogues, and if responsible citizens of Chicago want to be associated with counterfeiters and burglars, in pledging themselves as bail they shall also have the free benefit of our columns in being placed before the community, in that connection.

Sudden.—Catharine Kennedy, the woman who was arrested on Tuesday morning last, charged with stealing $500, in company with Patrick Welch, from one John O'Brien, and afterwards acquitted, died about 4 o'clock on Friday evening, from the effects of taking arsenic. A post mortem examination was held by Dr. R. McGill, County Physician, and a quantity of the poison found in her stomach. An inquest was held by Coroner Hines, and a verdict rendered, that she said Catharine Kennedy died from the effects of poison administered by her own hand.

Examined.—About two weeks since, one John R. Calvert, a sooper on the Milwaukie Plank Road, was dangerously stabbed with a knife by John Welch, a sailor. Deputy Sheriff Pinkerton arrested Welch, and lodged him in Jail.—From the nature of his wounds, Calvert was unable to attend at examination of the case until Saturday afternoon last, when Welch was brought before Judge BEECKER, and in default of $1000 bail, he was re-committed to Jail, to await trial.

REMOVAL.—T. B. Carter has removed his Dry Goods establishment to the large and handsome new brick block, just completed, No. 154 Lake street, where he will be ready to wait upon Ladies and Gentlemen henceforth, and to supply them with everything in his department of trade. Mr. Carter's reputation, as one of the oldest and most extensive merchants in this city, is a sufficient recommendation. See his advertisement.

AUTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 158 Lake St., Chicago.

RANKIN & COOK, GENERAL Auction and Commission Merchants, 182 LAKE STREET, Chicago.

GRUBB & WILLMARTH, AUCTION & COMMISSION, 204 Lake St., Chicago, Illinois. Office Place Reduced.

WM. H. HASKELL, AUCTION, COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING MERCHANT, No. 1 Water Street, Peoria, Illinois.

A FAIR, FOR THE ANNUAL SUPPORT OF THE Protestant Orphan Asylum, Will be held in the CITY HALL, On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, November 2, 3 & 4, 1853.

GOOD EATING AND HEALTH. GREAT PUBS FOR DYSPEPSIA! THE New Discovery, Pepsin, of Prussia, is now announced from Paris, to be the most wonderful Digestive Agent, of the Age. Prepared from the Stomachs of Animals, it is the Natural Solvent of Animal Food, and is NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. It has unbounded success, and is the act of man can equal its wonderful effects. Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Headache, Bitters, Acidity, or Flatulency, Heartburn, Costiveness, Piles, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Sick Headache, Pain in the Stomach, Wind in the Bowels, Fever, Gravel, Dropsy, Cramps, Spasms, Nervous Affections, Palpitation, Dimness of Sight, Lassitude, Languor, Low Spirits, Nervous Irritability, Hypochondria, Melancholy, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Paralysis, Dyspepsia, Tic Doloureux, Epilepsy, Hypochondriasis, Hysteria, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gravel, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Leprosy, Tetter, Ringworm, Scurvy, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Carbuncles, Tumors, Cancers, Scrofula, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Fever, Jaundice, Nervous Complaints, Debility, Dyspepsia

BANKS.

R. K. SWIFT'S EXCHANGE OFFICE.

CITY BANK.

LOST! LOST! LOST!! MARSH'S PATENT OIL.

INSURANCE.

MOHAWK VALLEY Farmers Insurance Company,

Commercial Exchange Company BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

Cutler, Brodhead & Clapp,

American and Foreign Agency,

CHICAGO OIL STORE.

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N.

JOHN MACKENZIE

Commission & Forwarding Merchants.

Union Transportation Company.

S. B. POMEROY & CO.

MOHAWK VALLEY Farmers Insurance Company,

GROCERIES.

Chalse Family Groceries

New Grocery Store.

Groceries at Wholesale.

CITY BANK.

BELDEN & TRACY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

FLANDERS & WADSWORTH,

RAYMOND & WARD

WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N.

GEO. A. GIBBS & CO.

DOLE, RUMSEY & CO.

Forwarders & Commission MERCHANTS,

GEORGE M. HOW,

General Commission Merchant,

JOHN MURRAY,

Forwarding & Commission Merchant,

1853.

ISAAC D. HARMON & CO.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

REELY & HOWE,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

N. B. ELLS,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

R. M. MITCHELL & CO.

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

DOLE, RUMSEY & CO.

Forwarders & Commission MERCHANTS,

DANIEL BALL,

Forwarding & Commission Merchant,

HENRY MARTIN,

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANT.

JAS. BELLOWS & CO.,

MERCHANTS.

C. McDONNELL,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant.

TRANSPORTATION

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Notice to Western Travelers.

Pennsylvania and Ohio Rail Roads.

Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Rail Roads.

Toledo, Norwalk and Cleveland

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

1853 Fall Arrangement. 1853

Chicago Paper Depot.

Erie Canal Transportation.

TRANSPORTATION.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.

THROUGH TO FREEPORT.

CHICAGO AND TOLEDO LINE.

CHICAGO TO PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, WASH. CITY, PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.

FARE REDUCED.

New York Central DOUBLE TRACK RAILROAD.

Mail Steamers,

REMOVAL.

PREMIUM TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

TRUNK EMPORIUM.

JOHN C. GARLAND.

D. EATON & CO.

GUNS AND Pistols,

People's Hardware Store.

C. C. THOMPSON & CO.,

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

127 & 129 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

Fall and Winter Trade.

REMOVAL.

H. E. BARBOUR,

St Louis and Illinois River Packet.

RAIL ROAD LINE.

GARDEN CITY,

St. Louis and La Salle Daily PACKET LINE.

New Albany and Salem Railroad.

TRANSPORTATION.

CHEAP STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL.

IRON WAREHOUSE.

E. G. HALL & CO.,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

From Chicago to Buffalo and Mackinac.

SPRING AND SUMMER CAMPAIGN

1853.

THE VULCAN COOK STOVE

LEADS THE COLUMN.

HARDWARE.

New Iron Warehouse,

IRON WAREHOUSE.

E. G. HALL & CO.,

EDWIN HUNT'S BRANCH OF HIS NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

VULCAN IRON WORKS.

KENSON & CRANE,

CHICAGO WIRE WORKS

SNOW & HOGE,

New Hardware Establishment.

HAMMILL, MURRAY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Hardware in Purchase & Domestic Hardware & Cutlery.

CINCINNATI, CLEVELAND AND CHICAGO.

For the Fall & Winter Trade

HARRIS & LAND'S

DR. WILCOX, Dentist,

BUSINESS CARDS.

MOTT & MURRAY,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

DR. C. TOEPFER,

GERMAN HOMŒOPATH,

CHICAGO,

LAKE STREET, No. 151.

MRS. C. L. RAWSON, M. D.

HOMŒOPATHIST AND OBSTETRICIAN.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

ELY & BOWDITCH,

HODGSON & PERRY

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE.

Clothing at Wholesale.

HUNTINGTON & CO.,

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

JEWETT, GATES & JOHNSON,

Clothing and Furnishing Warehouse.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Merchant's Exchange Clothing Warehouse.

Barwell & Powers,

Fall and Winter Trade.

SWOPE & HUBBELL,

A. G. BURLEY & CO.,

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS & BRITANNIA WARE.

MILLINERY EMPORIUM.

NEW GOODS!

WILLIAM CLINGMAN & CO.,

Fairbank's Patent Scales.

Piano Forte Manufactory and Warerooms.

Chickering's Piano Fortes,

FOR THE STATES OF ILLINOIS AND WISCONSIN.

SPRING MILLINERY.